

# Qualifying Exam - Abstract Algebra, May 2008

Full marks for complete answers to any *six* questions.

Show all work *fully* and *clearly*.

Good luck!

1. a. Let  $G$  be a finite  $p$ -group (for some prime  $p$ ). Suppose  $G$  acts on a finite set  $X$  such that  $p \nmid |X|$ . Prove that  $G$  fixes an element of  $X$ , i.e., there is an  $x \in X$  such that  $g.x = x$ , for all  $g \in G$ .  
b. Let  $S$  be a 2-subgroup of the symmetric group  $S_n$  with  $n$  odd. Show that there is an  $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$  such that  $\sigma(i) = i$ , for all  $\sigma \in S$ .
2. Let  $G$  be a nonabelian group of order  $pq$  with  $p, q$  prime and  $p < q$ .
  - a. Show that  $p$  divides  $q - 1$ .
  - b. Show that  $G$  has trivial center.
  - c. Show that  $G$  has  $p + ((q - 1)/p)$  conjugacy classes.
3. Let  $G = SL(2, \mathbb{F}_p)$ , the group of  $2 \times 2$  matrices of determinant one with entries in the finite field  $\mathbb{F}_p$  (for  $p$  a prime).
  - a. Describe a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$ .
  - b. Determine the number of Sylow  $p$ -subgroups in  $G$ .
  - c. Determine the number of elements of order  $p$  in  $G$ .
4. Let  $R$  be a ring such that the polynomial ring  $R[x]$  is a PID. Prove that  $R$  is a field.
5. Let  $R$  be a ring in which  $x^2 = x$ , for all  $x \in R$ .
  - a. Prove that  $R$  is commutative.
  - b. Let  $\mathfrak{p}$  be a prime ideal in  $R$ . Prove that  $R/\mathfrak{p} \cong \mathbb{F}_2$ , the finite field with two elements.
6. Let  $F$  denote a splitting field over  $\mathbb{Q}$  of  $(x^2 - 2)(x^2 - 3)$  and let  $K$  denote a splitting field over  $\mathbb{Q}$  of  $(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + 3)$ .
  - a. Find  $[F : \mathbb{Q}]$  and  $[K : \mathbb{Q}]$ .
  - b. Find explicit generators of  $F$  and  $K$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , i.e., elements  $\alpha \in F$  and  $\beta \in K$  such that  $F = \mathbb{Q}(\alpha)$  and  $K = \mathbb{Q}(\beta)$ .

7. Let  $K/F$  be a field extension of finite degree.
  - a. What does it mean to say that  $K/F$  is *normal*? Give an example, with justification, of an extension that is not normal.
  - b. What does it mean to say that  $K/F$  is *separable*? Give an example, with justification, of an extension that is not separable.
  
8.
  - a. Prove that  $x^p - x - 1 \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$  is irreducible, for any prime  $p$ .
  - b. What is the Galois group of  $x^p - x - 1$  over  $\mathbb{F}_p$ ?
  
9. Let  $K/F$  be a Galois extension of fields such that  $\text{Gal}(K/F) \cong S_4$ .
  - a. Prove that there is a unique quadratic (i.e., degree two) extension of  $F$  contained in  $K$ .
  - b. Determine the number of cubic (i.e., degree three) extensions of  $F$  contained in  $K$ . How many of these extensions are normal?
  
10.
  - a. Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}$  is not a free  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module.
  - b. Let  $\mathbb{Q}_{\text{pos}}^\times$  denote the multiplicative group of positive rational numbers. Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}_{\text{pos}}^\times$  is a free  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module.